



JETS Challenge 110

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Jack up the Basement!

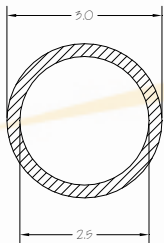
A building will collapse if the building columns are overloaded beyond their design limits. One formula for sizing the maximum load on a short steel pipe column is given by $P_{\text{critical}} = \frac{\pi E k^2 A}{L^2}$

where P is the critical load (psi), E is the modulus of elasticity (psi), A is the area of the cross section (in²) of the column; L is the height of the column (inches); and K is the radius of gyration, (a geometric property of the shape of a pipe column) given by:

$$k = \sqrt{\frac{\pi(D^2 - d^2)}{4}}$$

where D and d are the outside and inside diameters of the pipe column, respectively. The modulus of elasticity for steel is 30×10^6 psi and its yield strength is 60,000 psi.

The Challenge: What is the critical load for a 90" high basement floor jack made from steel pipe with an outside diameter of 3 in and a wall thickness of 0.25 in?



$$E = 30 \times 10^6 \text{ psi}$$

$$D = 3 \text{ in}$$

$$d = 3 - 2(0.25) = 2.5 \text{ in}$$

$$L = 90 \text{ in}$$

$$A = \text{area of metal in cross section} = \pi\left(\frac{D}{2}\right)^2 - \pi\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^2 = \pi\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - \pi\left(\frac{2.5}{2}\right)^2 = 0.6875\pi$$

$$k = \sqrt{\frac{\pi(D^2 - d^2)}{4}} = k = \sqrt{\frac{\pi(3^2 - 2.5^2)}{4}} = \sqrt{0.6875\pi}$$

so....

$$P_{\text{critical}} = \frac{\pi E k^2 A}{L^2} = \frac{\pi(30 \times 10^6)(\sqrt{0.6875\pi})^2(0.6875\pi)}{(90)^2} = 54,300 \text{ psi}$$

ANSWER: 54,300 psi

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JETS Challenge problems are generously provided by Dave Meredith, Associate Professor, Penn State University-Fayette